Gender-Based Violence and Family Planning: A Policy Implementation Assessment in Uganda

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Advancing GBV and Family Planning Policies in Uganda

Objectives:

- Identify GBV-related policies in Uganda and examine how those policies are being implemented and monitored
- Assess how current policies address the family planning needs of GBV survivors
- Develop practical recommendations to strengthen implementation of GBV and family planning policies

Data collection team
Policy Implementation Framework

Seven Dimensions of Policy Implementation

1. The policy, its formulation, and dissemination
2. Social, political, and economic context
3. Leadership for policy implementation
4. Stakeholder involvement in policy implementation
5. Implementation planning and resource mobilization
6. Operations and services
7. Feedback on progress and results
Methods

- Literature review
- Policy text analysis
- Key informant interviews
  - Central level (9)
  - District level (70)
Findings
## Key Findings:
Policy Provisions by Health System Building Block

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<tr>
<th>Building Block</th>
<th>Examples of Integrated GBV and Family Planning Policy Provisions In Uganda</th>
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| Service Delivery                       | • Identify survivors of violence when conducting family planning counseling  
• Provide post-GBV medical care and family planning services, e.g., pregnancy tests, emergency contraceptive pills, copper-bearing intrauterine device  
• Make timely referrals to medical services  
• Raise community members’ awareness of GBV services |
| Workforce                              | • Build capacity of health sector staff on clinical management of GBV survivors  
• Sensitize actors on the referral pathway and their roles and responsibilities in responding to GBV cases |
| Supplies and Infrastructure            | • Supply pregnancy tests, emergency contraceptive pills, copper-bearing IUDs                                                               |
| Policy, Governance, and Leadership     | • Integrate GBV prevention activities into national and local planning and budgeting  
• Issue guidelines for timely GBV clinical management  
• Integrate GBV into existing nursing and paramedic curricula  
• Advocate for provision of essential GBV services in all medical facilities |
| Information                            | • Monitor GBV and family planning service provision and availability of supplies  
• Use the integrated family planning register and national GBV database  |
| Financing                              | • Advocate for budget allocations for GBV in sectors (i.e., education, health) and local governments |
Key Findings:
Drivers of Policy Implementation in Uganda

- Comprehensive multi-sectoral framework in place to prevent and respond to GBV
- Defined role of the health system in GBV prevention and response
- Effective GBV training curricula for health providers
- Burgeoning multi-sectoral coordination mechanisms
- Donor resources that align with policy goals
Key Findings:
Gaps in Policy Implementation in Uganda

- Inconsistent guidelines regarding timeline for provision of emergency contraceptive
- Inadequate policy and guideline dissemination to districts and health providers
- Low levels of public funding for GBV policy implementation
- Lack of data management systems that track GBV and family planning data
- Operational barriers, particularly weak contraceptive supply systems
- Rigid cultural and gender norms that conflict with policy goals
Like the cultural aspect of child marriage, the cultural belief of [female genital mutilation]...all these are cultural aspects which are embraced by the community. But then the policy says we should fight against them but culture says it’s okay... How do we merge cultural aspects with implementing the policies?

- Key Informant
Recommendations

- Update policy recommendations on provision of emergency contraceptives
- Develop GBV policy dissemination tools
- Strengthen GBV and family planning data management systems
- Form coalitions to advocate for increased budget allocations
- Expand community-based GBV prevention programs
Thank you

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To access the full report:

http://www.healthpolicyplus.com/pubs.cfm?get=10252
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